Public Information Session

Water and Wastewater Rate Study and Financial Plans



CITY OF BRANTFORD

December 13th, 2021



Study Background and Objectives

- The City has been fiscally prudent in the management of water and wastewater services.
 - Regular utility rate reviews have been undertaken to ensure sufficient revenues are generated to cover costs.
- The last Water and Wastewater Rate Study and corresponding Financial Plans were completed in 2015.
- A Water Financial Plan is required to support the City's drinking water licence renewal application
- A 10-year projection of water and wastewater rates will underpin the Financial Plans.
 - Financial model covers an eleven-year period: 2022-2032

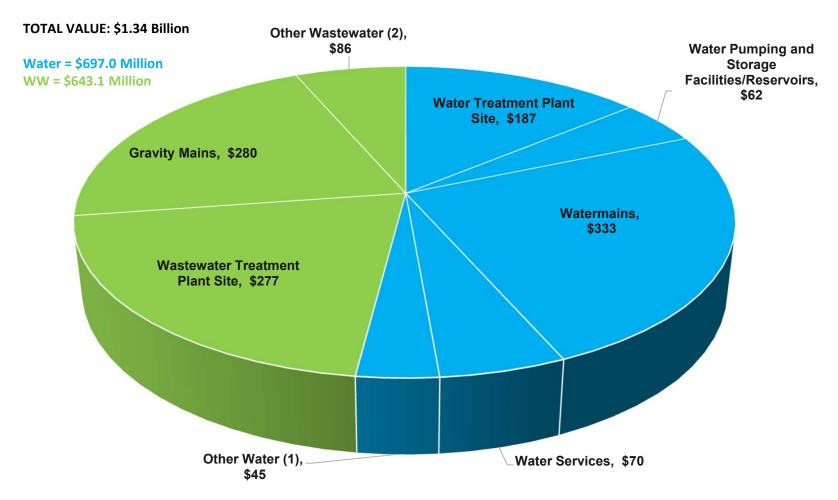
Rate Setting Approach

Rates calculated based on the following:

- 1. Full recovery of operating costs
 - Based on the City's 2021 budget and adjusted to account for the effects of inflation
 - Annual debt payments (existing and projected)
- 2. Full recovery of annual capital needs
 - In-year capital requirements identified by the draft 2022 10-year capital plan
- 3. Provision for future asset repair/replacement to reserves

Note: Calculation of the utility rates also considers change in the number of users and consumption patterns over the planning period

Overview of City Water and Wastewater Infrastructure (in Millions)



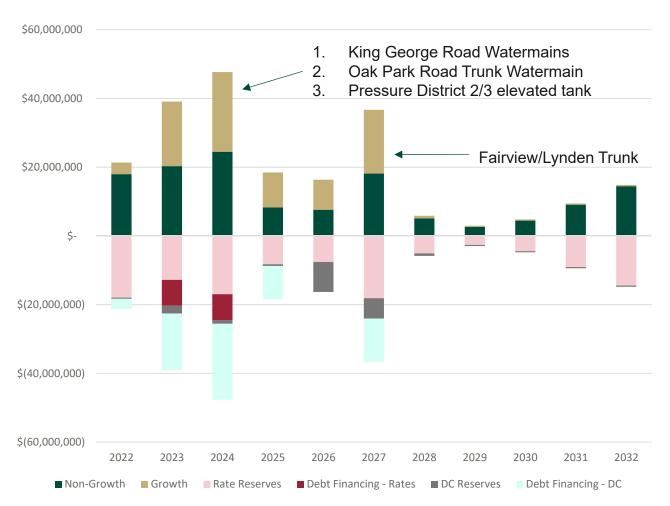
Source: City of Brantford 2021 Asset Management Plan for Environmental Services

Note 1: "Other Water" includes: Hydrants, Chambers, Valves and Water Meters

Note 2: "Other Wastewater" includes: Pump Stations, Forcemains, WW Services, Maintenance Holes and Siphons



Water Capital Program totals \$217 Million (to 2032)



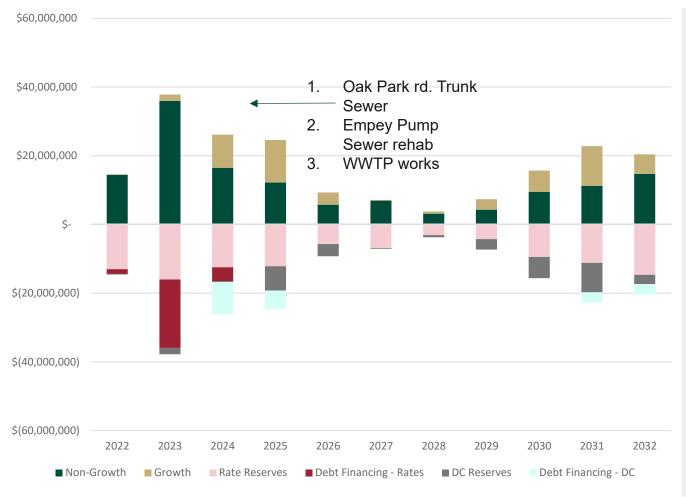
Note 1: Costs are adjusted to account for inflation

Note 2: 2032 capital is assumed based on preceding 10-year average costs

- About 60% of total is for asset R&R while balance is growth-related
- Capital works are front-ended in program (2023 and 2024)
- Debt financing is assumed to carry-out capital



Wastewater Capital Program totals \$189 Million (to 2032)



- About 70% of total is for asset R&R while balance is growth-related
- Fair amount of capital required in the short-term
- Debt financing is assumed to carry-out capital

Note 1: Costs are adjusted to account for inflation

Note 2: 2032 capital is assumed based on preceding 10-year average costs



Summary of Calculated Rates: Water Services

	Water Services (1)	
Year	Fixed Charge per month (5/8")	Consumption Charge (\$/m3)
2022	\$9.22	\$2.27
2023	\$9.22	\$2.33
2024	\$9.22	\$2.39
2025	\$9.22	\$2.46
2026	\$9.22	\$2.53
2027	\$9.22	\$2.60
2032	\$9.22	\$2.97

Note 1: Minimum Bill requirements would still apply Note 2: Based on consumption of 200m³ per annum

- 2022: Rates as adopted by Council
- Post 2022: No Change to the monthly fixed charge over the planning period
- Post 2022: 2.75% increase per annum applied to variable rates only

Typical HH Impact⁽²⁾: **Average 2.23%** increase per annum over the next 5 years (post 2022)



Summary of Calculated Rates: Wastewater Services

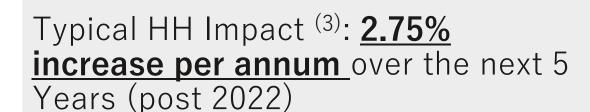
	Wastewater (1)
Year	Consumption Charge (\$/m3) ⁽²⁾
2022	\$2.08
2023	\$2.13
2024	\$2.19
2025	\$2.25
2026	\$2.31
2027	\$2.38
2032	2.72

Wastewater Services:



2022: Rates as adopted by Council

 Post 2022: 2.75% increase applied per annum to variable rates



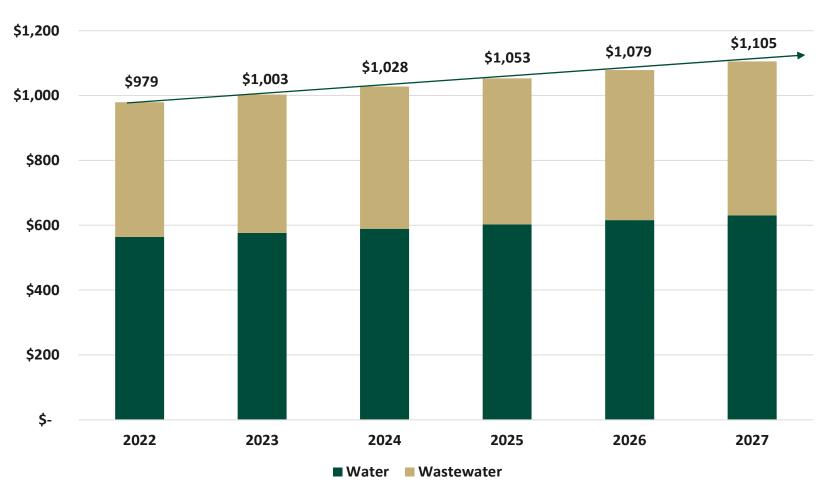
Note 1: Minimum Bill requirements would still apply

Note 2: Only applied to consumption under 30m³ per month in the

summer months (May 1st – September 30th)

Note 3: Based on consumption of 200m³ per annum

Rate Impact per Typical Household: Consuming 200m³ per Year

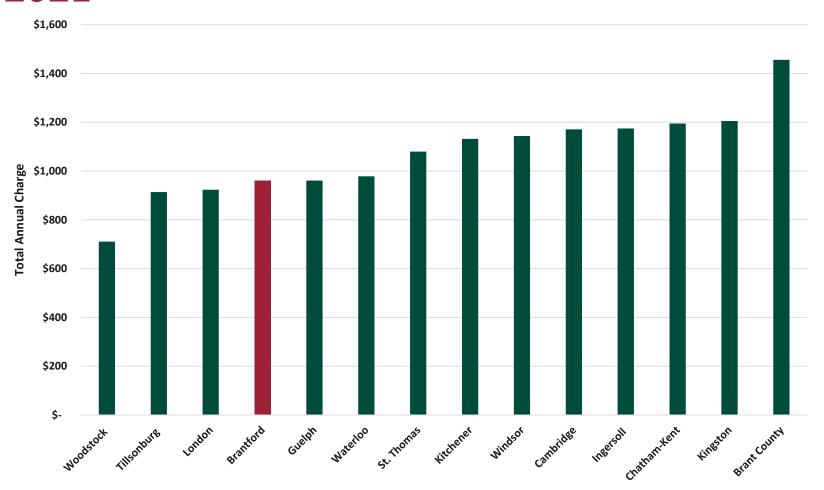


2.45%
avg per
annum
impact on
a typical
user

Note: 2022 rates have already been approved by Council



Benchmarking Analysis: Total Current Charge per Typical HH in 2021 (1)



Note 1: Based on a user of 200m³ per annum for water and wastewater services. Some municipalities levy dedicated storm water fees and those fees are excluded from this comparison.



Key Outcomes

- Extensive capital works required over the planning period
 - Debt financing measures and use of reserves need to be carefully monitored to ensure sustainable reserve levels and self imposed (or provincially mandated) debt limitations are not exceeded
- Annual increases to the utility rates are needed to support capital needs and operating costs of the system
- Rates remain competitive with surrounding municipalities
- Billed consumption anticipated to modestly increase over the planning period (but declining on a per capita/hh basis)
 - Difficult to quantify COVID-19 related consumption impacts in the short-to-medium term